	(Origin	nal Signature of Member)
114TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	H.R.	

To provide that any executive action that infringes on the powers and duties of Congress under section 8 of article I of the Constitution of the United States or on the Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United States has no force or effect, and to prohibit the use of funds for certain purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr.	STUTZMAN	introduced	the	following	bill;	which	was	referred	to	the
	Com	mittee on _								

A BILL

- To provide that any executive action that infringes on the powers and duties of Congress under section 8 of article I of the Constitution of the United States or on the Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United States has no force or effect, and to prohibit the use of funds for certain purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Separation of Powers
- 3 Restoration and Second Amendment Protection Act".

4 SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 5 It is the sense of Congress that any executive action
- 6 issued by the President before, on, or after the date of
- 7 enactment of this Act that infringes on the powers and
- 8 duties of Congress under section 8 of article I of the Con-
- 9 stitution of the United States or the Second Amendment
- 10 to the Constitution of the United States, or that would
- 11 require the expenditure of Federal funds not specifically
- 12 appropriated for the purpose of the executive action, is
- 13 advisory only and has no force or effect unless enacted
- 14 as law.

15 SEC. 3. DEFINITION OF EXECUTIVE ACTION.

- In this Act, the term "executive action" includes an
- 17 Executive order, memoranda, proclamation, or signing
- 18 statement.

19 SEC. 4. VITIATION OF EFFECT OF EXECUTIVE ACTION.

- Any existing or proposed executive action that in-
- 21 fringes on the powers and duties of Congress under section
- 22 8 of article I of the Constitution of the United States or
- 23 the Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United
- 24 States shall have no force or effect.

1	SEC. 5. PROHIBITION AGAINST USE OF FUNDS FOR CER-
2	TAIN PURPOSES.
3	No funds appropriated pursuant to any provision of
4	law may be used to promulgate or enforce any executive
5	action that infringes on the powers and duties of Congress
6	under section 8 of article I of the Constitution of the
7	United States or the Second Amendment to the Constitu-
8	tion of the United States.
9	SEC. 6. STANDING TO CHALLENGE EXECUTIVE ACTION.
10	A civil action may be brought in an appropriate dis-
11	trict court of the United States to challenge the validity
12	of any executive action which infringes on the powers and
13	duties of Congress under section 8 of article I of the Con-
14	stitution of the United States or the Second Amendment
15	to the Constitution of the United States by the following
16	persons:
17	(1) Congress and its members.—Any Mem-
18	ber of the House of Representatives or the Senate,
19	or either or both chambers acting pursuant to vote,
20	if the challenged executive action—
21	(A) infringes on the powers and duties of
22	Congress under article I, section 8 of the Con-
23	stitution of the United States; or
24	(B) violates the Second Amendment to the
25	Constitution of the United States.

1	(2) State and local governments.—The
2	highest governmental official of any State, common-
3	wealth, district, territory, or possession of the
4	United States, or any political subdivision thereof, or
5	the designee of such person, if the challenged execu-
6	tive action infringes on a power of such State or on
7	a power afforded to such commonwealth, district,
8	territory, or possession under any congressional en-
9	actment or relevant treaty of the United States.
10	(3) AGGRIEVED PERSONS.—Any person ag-
11	grieved of the challenged executive action with re-
12	spect to a liberty or property interest adversely af-
13	fected directly by the executive action.